

d·local

Authentication, 3DS and fraud prevention
in emerging markets

December 2021



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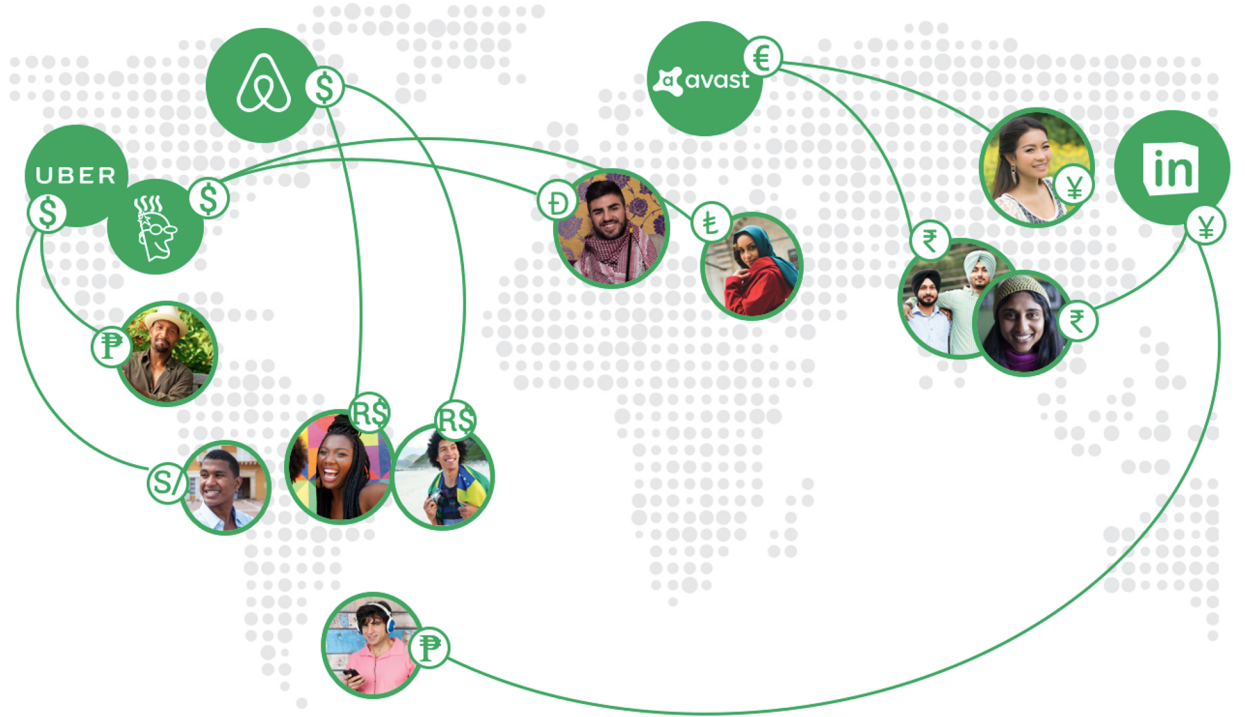
Today's session contents

1. dLocal: What we do & who we are
2. Authentication, 3DS and fraud prevention in emerging markets
 - a. Overview
 - b. Adoption
 - c. Status
 - d. Strategies
3. Summary & Key Takeaways

What we do:

We process **payins** and **payouts** locally in emerging markets in over 30 currencies

while settling with merchants in **EUR, USD** or local currency



What we offer

Who we are

600+

Local payment
methods

DLO

Nasdaq Listed Company

Solutions

Payins
Payouts
Direct Issuing
Fraud Prevention
Marketplace

1 API

All-in-one

2B+

Consumers unlocked

EM

Focus on
Africa, Asia & Latin America

What our customers value the most

Simple & fast market entry

Without local entity, with dLocal as your trusted partner in emerging markets



Automated fund repatriation

To USA, Europe, China and all of our local markets

Local payment processing

Which maximizes reach & checkout completions



Secure, enterprise-class platform

With 1 API access

amazon

mailchimp

Uber

DiDi

Booking.com

Dropbox

GoDaddy

Wix

ZARA

Banggood.com

Tripadvisor

earthport
payment network

Constant Contact

NIKE

mi

Authentication, 3DS and fraud prevention in emerging markets

1

Overview

SCA / 3D-Secure for fraud prevention

2

Adoption

Drivers for successful adoption of SCA in Emerging Markets

3

Status

Of SCA and 3DS in Emerging Markets

4

Strategies

Alternatives & adopting a strategy for Emerging Markets

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Defining SCA

**Something the
customer KNOWS**

Password, Pin, Swiping path

**Something the
customer IS**

Fingerprint, facial, voice recognition

**Something the
customer HAS**

Mobile phone (evidenced by OTP,
signature or QR code), token generator

Card Authentication: 3D-Secure

1



Payer enters card details at merchant's site

2



Payer authenticates with the issuer using an additional factor

3



Purchase complete!

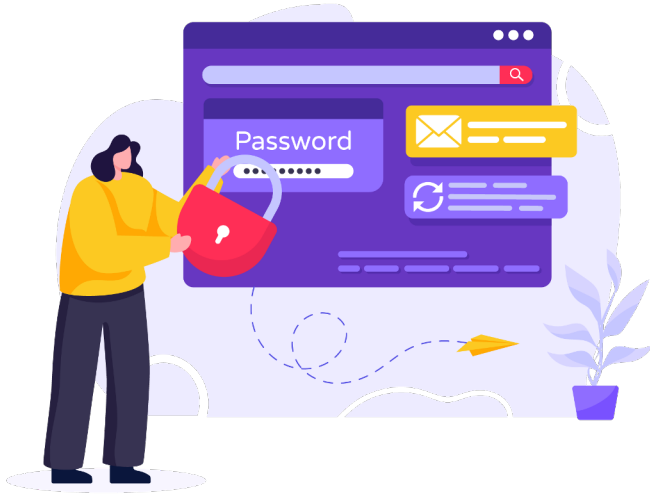
Card Authentication: 3D-Secure 2.0



Version 2 has additional benefits over V1:

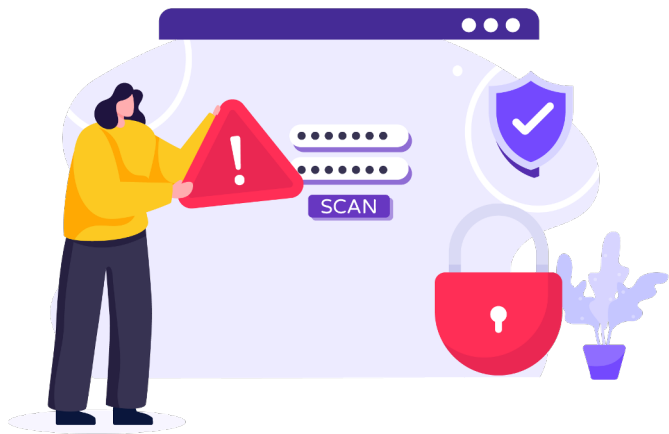
- Sophisticated authentication: OOB / Biometrics vs. static passwords or OTPs.
- Support for Mobile: SDKs vs browser-only support.
- Support for frictionless flows
- Enriched dataset for authentication & authorization
- Support for exemptions (v2.2)

Europe / PSD2 - results so far



- Authentication success rates are low (68%)
- Challenge rates are high (72%)
- Abandonment rates are high (16%)

Europe / PSD2 - strategies



Merchants who have acceptable fraud rates can improve conversion by:

- Using exemption flagging where available to avoid authentication
- Avoiding the challenge by sharing data with issuers and using trusted listing
- Improving the challenge experience by using delegated authentication

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SCA - What determines consumer adoption?



(Security **GAINS** - Added **FRICITION**) vs Available **ALTERNATIVES**

Gains

- Fraud prevention
- Perceived security

Friction

- Technology
- Implementation
- Regulation

Alternatives

- Other merchants
- Other payment alternatives (APMs)

Questions merchants **need to ask**



- Which emerging markets actively use/enforce authentication, and why?
- Are there any exemptions to authentication?
- What is the market's support for authentication technologies / features?
- How can I prevent fraud when authentication is not viable?
- Should I offer APMs?

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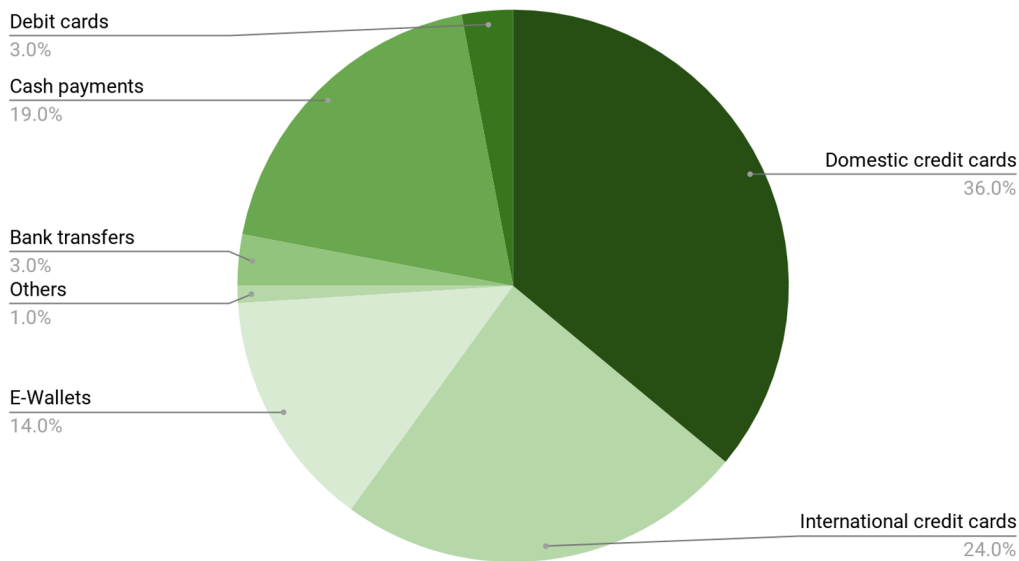
Status: 3DS in Emerging Markets

3D-Secure usage in LATAM

Country	Details
Brazil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Authorization is optional for Credit, required for Debit Card payments• Brazilian Central Bank regulation• 3D Secure Drop rates: over 60%• 3DS 2 is still being rolled out:<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ Most issuers support, however some large issuers are still in development◦ Most acquirers support
Mexico	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3DS is optional for all cards• Although fraud rates are relatively high, merchant adoption remains low• Most Mexicans have probably never completed a 3DS flow• With high fraud/chargeback rates, acquirers may force merchants to use 3DS (rare)• Industry support for 3DS v2 by Apr 22
Chile	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Authentication was required for Debit, however this is no longer the case• Done via WebPay, Transbank's authentication solution launched in 2008• Conversion rates are affected by adding the authentication process, roughly 30% drop• 3DS2 progress: partial for intl. cards, only via WebPay

Brazil

eCommerce Payment Mix



Boleto Bancario



Online Bank



Credit

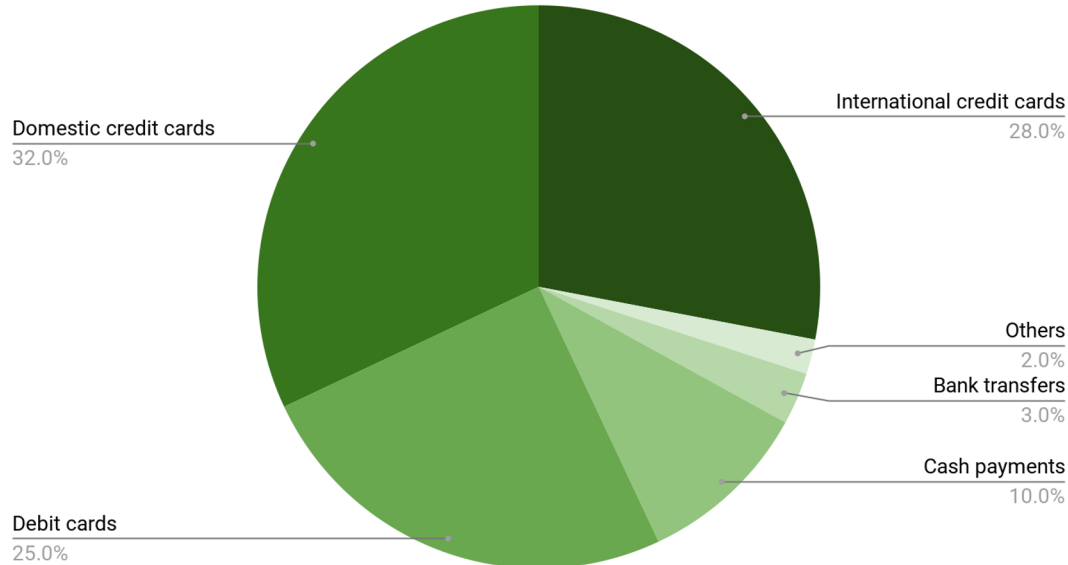


PIX



Chile

Ecommerce Payment Mix



Online Bank Transfers



Cash



Local card payments



Chile: Webpay flow

1

By Choosing Webpay as a payment method, the user can pay with a **bank transfer** or a **Credit / Debit card**.

webpay.
transbank.

Estás pagando en:

d·local

Monto a pagar:

\$1.000

Selecciona tu medio de pago:

oneway.
transbank.



Débito



Crédito



Prepago

[< Anular compra y volver al comercio](#)



Esta transacción se está realizando bajo un sistema seguro,
[políticas de seguridad](#)

Chile: Webpay flow

2

The user will input his card details in the same page.

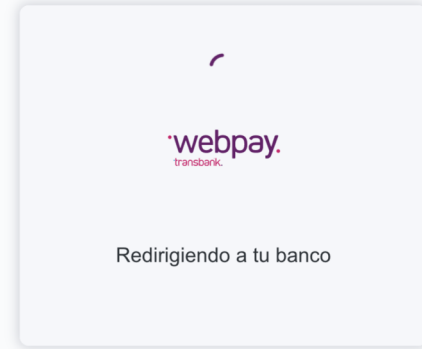
If the payment is approved, the user will then see a 'Payment accepted' page.

The screenshot displays the 'webpay.transbank' interface. On the left, it shows the merchant 'd-local' and the amount '\$1.000'. Below this, there are four payment method options: 'onepay.transbank', 'Débito', 'Crédito' (which is selected and highlighted with a purple border and a checkmark), and 'Prepago'. A link at the bottom left reads '< Anular compra y volver al comercio'. At the bottom, a security notice states: 'Esta transacción se está realizando bajo un sistema seguro, políticas de seguridad'. On the right side, the 'Ingresar los datos de tu tarjeta:' section contains input fields for 'Número de tarjeta' (with a masked value 'XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX'), 'Fecha de expiración' (MM/AA), 'CVV' (with three dots), and 'Cuotas' (set to 'Sin Cuotas'). A large 'Pagar' button is positioned at the bottom right, above logos for VISA, Mastercard, AXA, and others.

Chile: Webpay flow

3

The user will be redirected to the issuing bank in order to confirm the payment.



Chile: Webpay flow

4

The user will enter the **personal key for online purchases** under 'Autorizar con Clave de Internet'

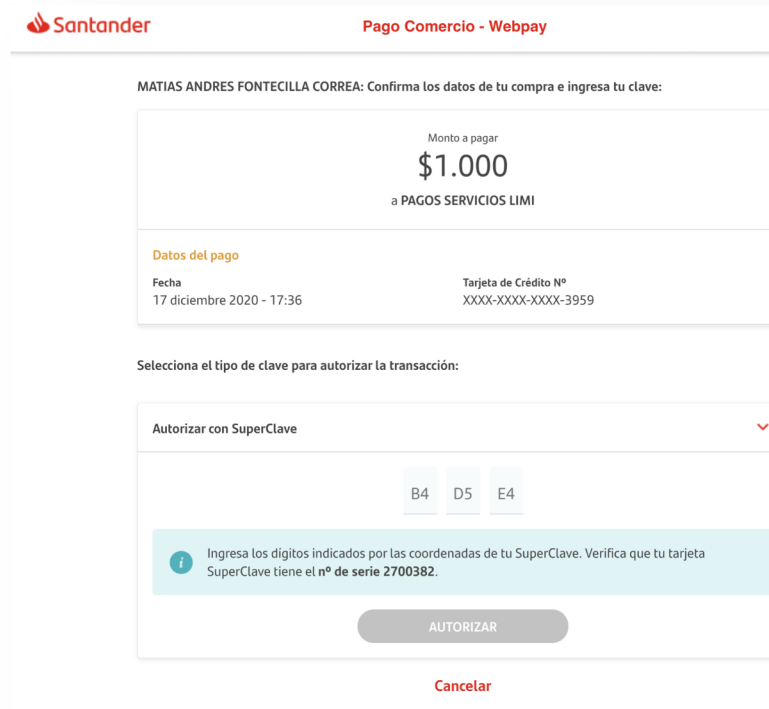
The screenshot shows the Santander Webpay interface for a payment of \$1,000. The page is titled "Pago Comercio - Webpay" and includes the Santander logo. The user is identified as "MATIAS ANDRES FONTECILLA CORREA" and is prompted to confirm purchase details and enter their key. The payment amount is displayed as "\$1.000" for "PAGOS SERVICIOS LIMI". The "Datos del pago" section shows the date "17 diciembre 2020 - 17:36" and the credit card number "XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-3959". The "Autorizar con Clave de Internet" section features a masked input field for the key, a light blue instruction bar that says "Ingresa tu clave de internet.", and a grey "INGRESAR" button. A red "Cancelar" link is located at the bottom of the form.

Chile: Webpay flow

5

The user will then confirm the payment and be notified the transaction was successful/rejected.

Additional authentication steps **may be required**, depending on the bank.



The screenshot shows the Santander Webpay interface for a payment confirmation. At the top, the Santander logo and "Pago Comercio - Webpay" are visible. The user is identified as "MATIAS ANDRES FONTECILLA CORREA" and is prompted to confirm purchase details and enter a key. The payment amount is \$1,000, payable to "PAGOS SERVICIOS LIM". Below this, "Datos del pago" (Payment Data) is shown, including the date "17 diciembre 2020 - 17:36" and the credit card number "XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-3959". A section titled "Selecciona el tipo de clave para autorizar la transacción:" (Select the type of key to authorize the transaction:) offers the option "Autorizar con SuperClave" (Authorize with SuperClave). Under this option, three buttons labeled "B4", "D5", and "E4" are displayed. A light blue information box contains the instruction: "Ingresa los dígitos indicados por las coordenadas de tu SuperClave. Verifica que tu tarjeta SuperClave tiene el n° de serie 2700382." (Enter the digits indicated by the coordinates of your SuperClave. Verify that your SuperClave card has the serial number 2700382.) At the bottom, there is an "AUTORIZAR" (Authorize) button and a "Cancelar" (Cancel) link.

Keypass/coordinates: Printed card authentication

■ Ingrese la Clave de Transferencia de su Tarjeta N° 2007134:

Clave

C2 **E3** **J4**
34

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	01	15	23	34	11	09	22	04	40	12
2	26	44	34	02	90	03	30	88	74	87
3	09	25	68	10	71	13	72	65	46	08
4	69	16	70	64	67	33	66	07	21	17
5	05	24	85	14	47	86	73	06	20	48

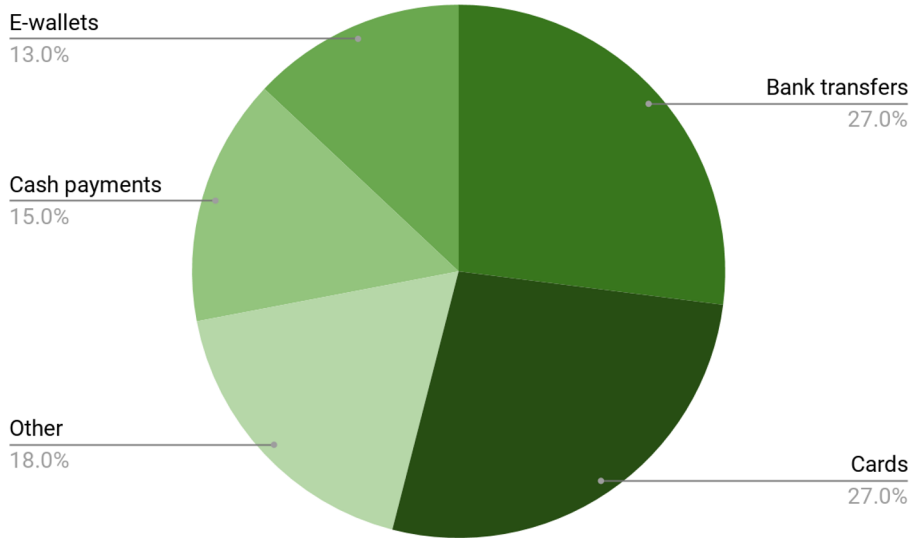
TARJETA N°: 2007134 CONSULTAS AL 600 200 7000
SI ENCUENTRA ESTA TARJETA ROGAMOS ENTREGARLA EN CUALQUIER SUCURSAL DE BANCOESTADO.

3D-Secure usage in APAC

Country	Details
India	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SCA mandated by the Reserve Bank of India on all online payment transactions• Launch in 2014 caused a 25% overnight conversion drop• 2020: 87% acceptance rate• New mandates for recurring payments
Indonesia and Philippines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3DS is mandatory for Debit cards in PH• Common practice is to require 3DS for all payments• Enforced by most banks and acquirers• Few names like Shopee, Grab, Gojek, and other big players can bypass 3Ds flow, with transactions below certain thresholds• 3DS2.0 adoption is still at initial phase. Full roll out expected in 2022
Thailand	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not mandatory, though most issuers offer 3D secure and is frequently used, esp. on high fraud / high ticket industries.
Malaysia	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mandatory for debit cards, most issuers offer 3D secure. For some issuers, lack of authentication may imply lower authorization rates

Indonesia

eCommerce Payment Mix



Cash



LAWSON

Bank transfers



Local credit and debit cards

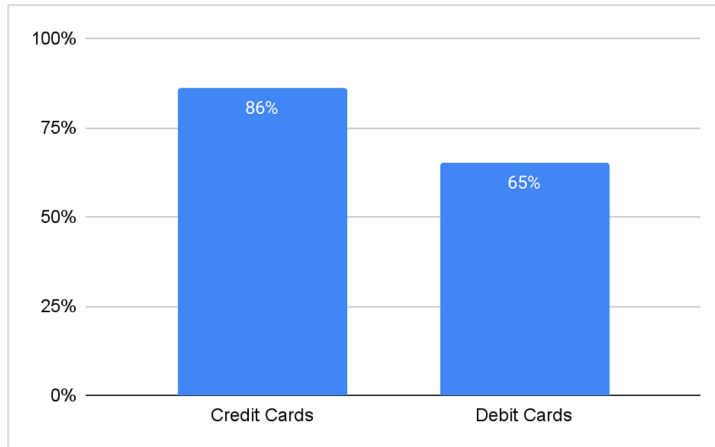


E-Wallets

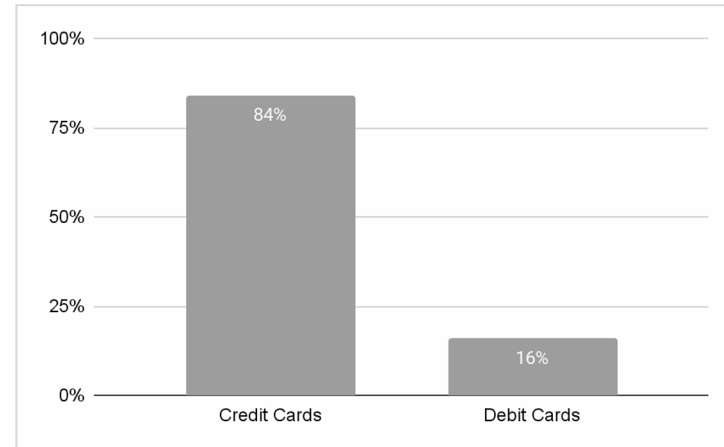


Case: Authorization rates in Indonesia

With 3DS



Without 3DS

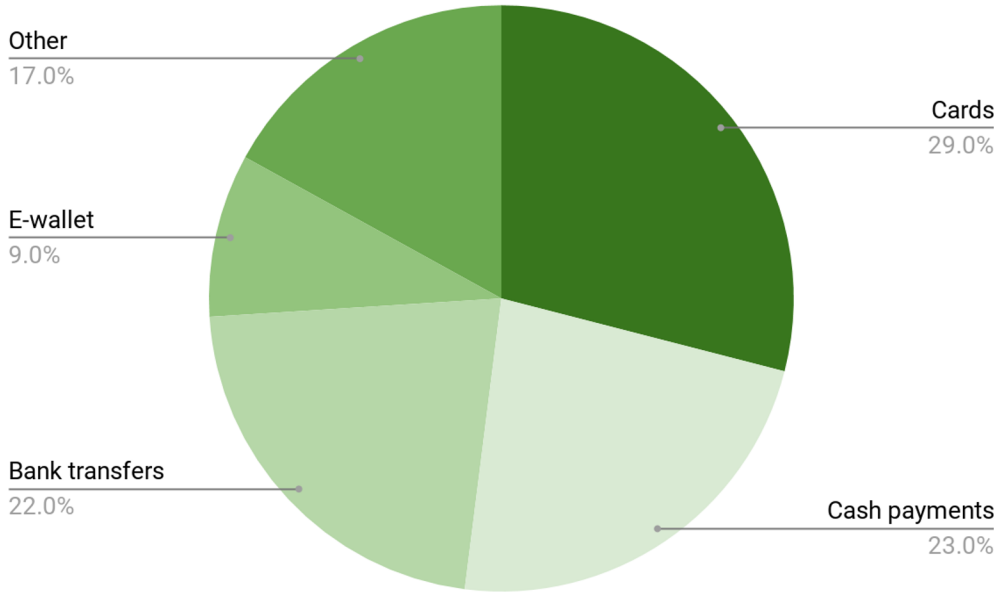


3D-Secure usage in MEA

Country	Status
South Africa	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2FA required on all Credit card transactions since 2014, Payment Association of South Africa (PASA)• Cardholders expect 3DS in transactions
Sub-saharan Africa	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3DS is mandatory in most markets, with some exceptions (e.g. Kenya)• Big merchants with low fraud rates and low average ticket values might get waivers, particularly for subscription flows. E.g. entertainment industry merchants

Nigeria

Ecommerce Payment Mix



Credit & Debit cards



Bank transfers



Status:
Non-Card authentication approaches

Other non-card authentication approaches



Cash payments



Bank transfers



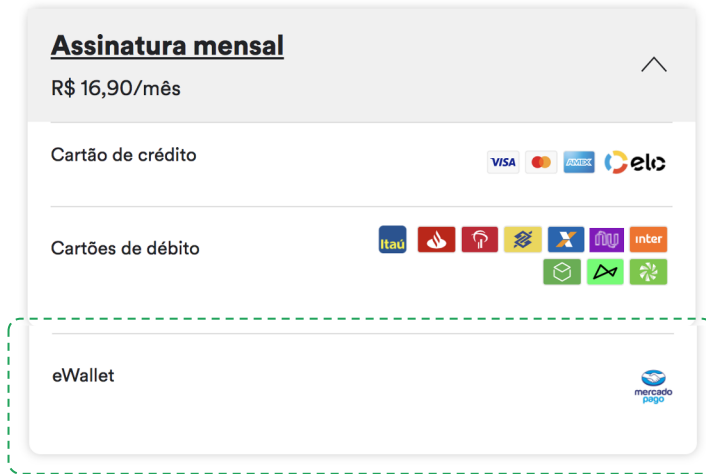
eWallets



Mobile money

Local payment
alternatives to cards /
3DS in emerging markets

eWallet: MercadoPago



1

User selects
eWallet



2

User is redirected to
MercadoPago App

eWallet: MercadoPago

Authentication support:



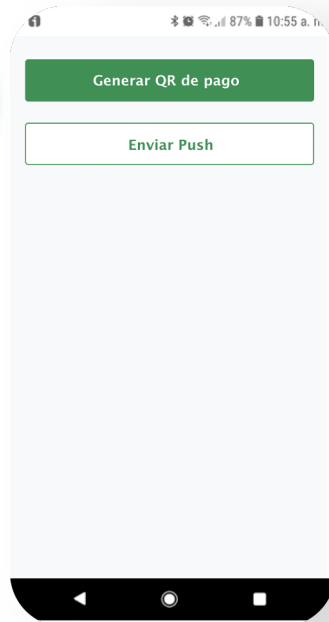
- Face ID
- Touch ID
- Code



- Fingerprint
- Swipe pattern
- PIN

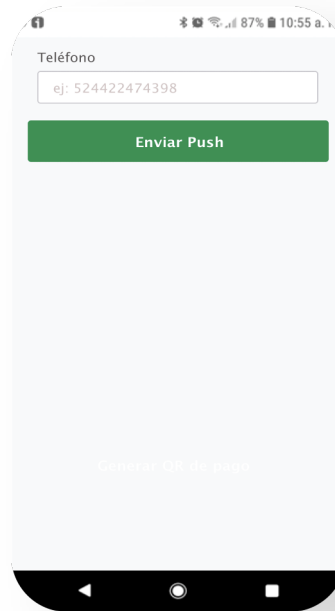
Bank Transfer: CODI

1



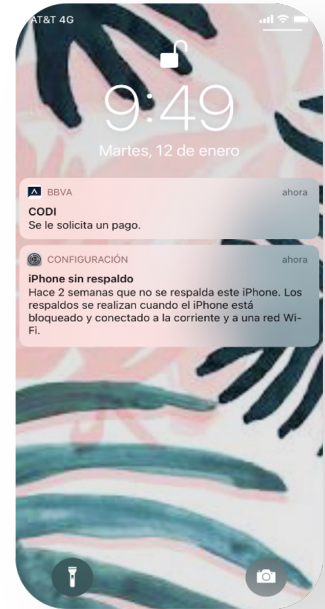
2 options to generate payment ticket: via QR or Push notification

2



Merchant sends a push notification to the payer's phone

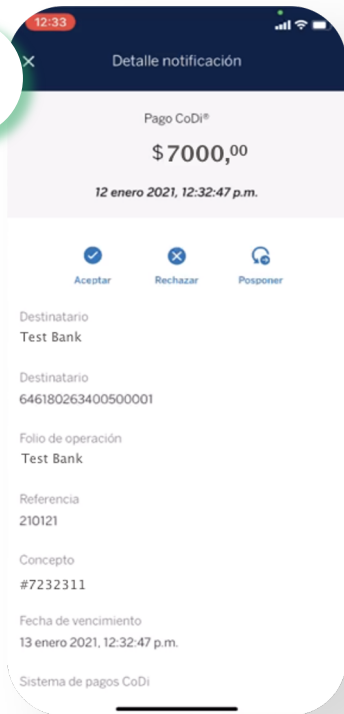
3



The payer receives a push notification on their banking app and **logs in**

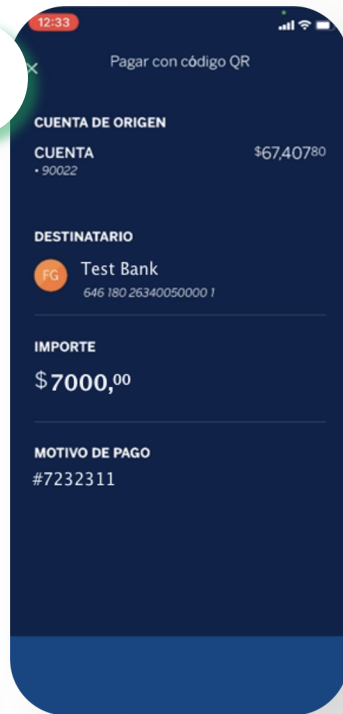
Bank Transfer: CODI

4



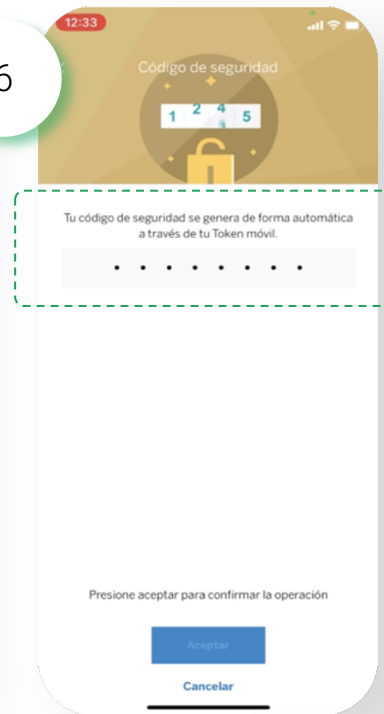
View transaction details

5



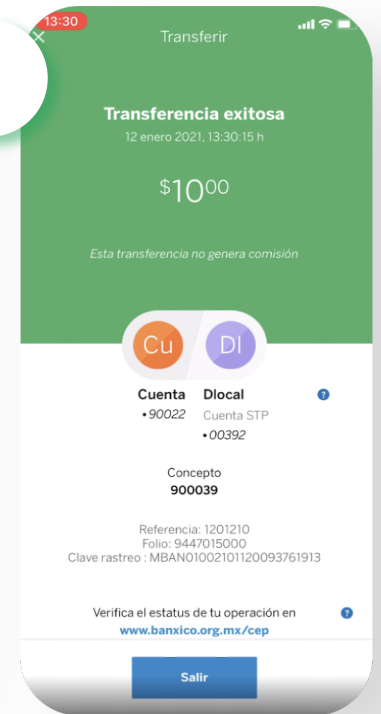
Accept payment

6



A **security code** is generated in the banking app

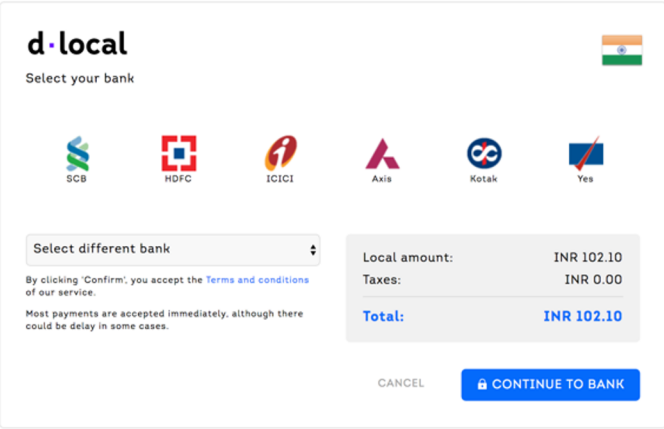
7



Transfer is successful

d.

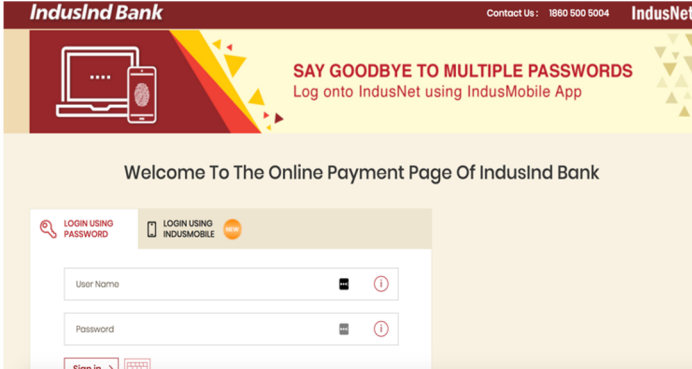
Bank Transfer: Netbanking India



The screenshot shows the 'd.local' interface for selecting a bank. At the top left is the 'd.local' logo and the text 'Select your bank' next to an Indian flag icon. Below this are six bank logos: SBI, HDFC, ICICI, Axis, Kotak, and Yes. A dropdown menu labeled 'Select different bank' is positioned above a summary box. The summary box displays: 'Local amount: INR 102.10', 'Taxes: INR 0.00', and 'Total: INR 102.10'. Below the summary are 'CANCEL' and 'CONTINUE TO BANK' buttons. A disclaimer at the bottom states: 'By clicking 'Confirm', you accept the Terms and conditions of our service. Most payments are accepted immediately, although there could be delay in some cases.' The footer contains the contact email 'direct@dlocal.com'.

1

User selects bank, and is then redirected to their homebanking



The screenshot shows the 'IndusInd Bank' online payment page. The header includes the bank name, contact number '1860 500 5004', and the 'IndusNet' logo. A banner at the top right says 'SAY GOODBYE TO MULTIPLE PASSWORDS Log onto IndusNet using IndusMobile App' with icons of a laptop and a smartphone. Below the banner, the text reads 'Welcome To The Online Payment Page Of IndusInd Bank'. The login section offers two options: 'LOGIN USING PASSWORD' and 'LOGIN USING INDUSMOBILE'. The password login form has fields for 'User Name' and 'Password', each with a visibility toggle and a help icon. A 'Sign in >' button is at the bottom left of the login area.

2

User **logs in** to their homebanking

Bank Transfer: Netbanking India

Amount : ₹ 1100.65
Merchant Name : TIMESOFMONEY
Your Account No : 100002274994 (0018Q267010C
Remark :

[Cancel](#)

Enter Your OTP

Submit

Reference Number corresponding to the OTP generated is **41712998**

Transaction Amount : ₹1,100.65
Your Account No : 100002274994
Transaction Date : 14 Apr 2018
Transaction Time : 02:00:23
Transaction ID : 33420408
Merchant Name : TIMESOFMONEY
Status : **Success**

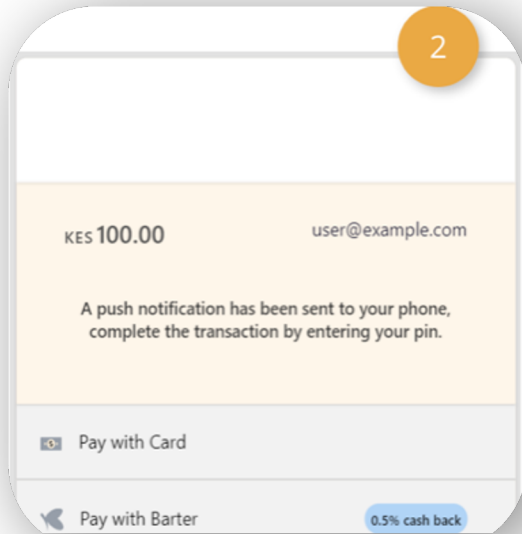
3

An **OTP** sent via SMS is requested

4

Payment is confirmed

Mobile money: Kenya / mPesa



1

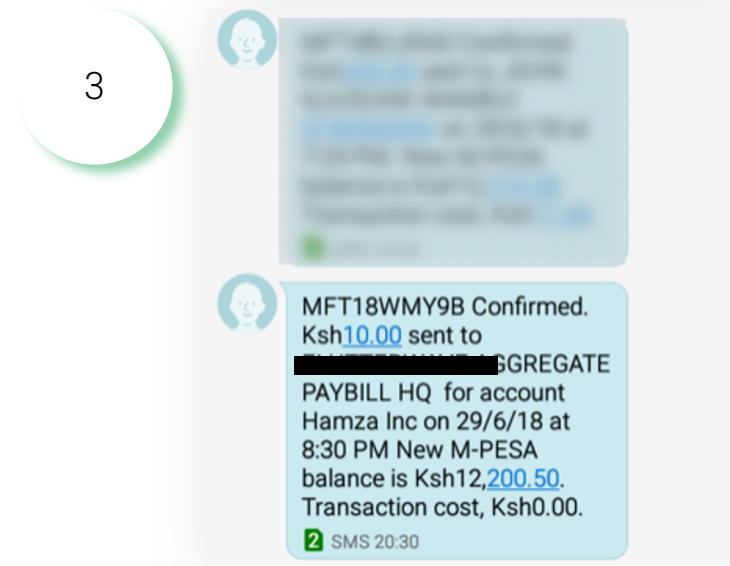
After user selects mPesa as payment method and provides a **phone number**, a push notification is sent



2

User is required to input mPesa **PIN**

mPesa: Mobile money authentication with PIN



User receives SMS with
payment confirmation

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To 3DS or not to 3DS?



Is this required?

- 3DS may be mandatory in some cases e.g. Debit.
- processors/acquirers might require 3DS in certain markets (SEA, Africa)
- Exemptions may be available for some merchants / types of payments.

Is this the right tool to reduce fraud?

- Products or services offered & the fraud rates observed for the industry / country
- Fraud prevention effectiveness

Evaluate technology & availability: 3DS 2 support status for issuers / acquirers / PSPs

Metrics for 3D-Secure 2



- Authentication Success
- Challenge rate
- Authentication abandonment
- Authorization performance
 - For both frictionless & challenge flows
- APM conversion recovery
- Consider App/Browser flows if applicable

3DS Implementation strategies



- Requestor environment integration options:
 - Use an external 3DS provider, or
 - Integrate the Acquirers' / PSP solutions
- Use supported features where available:
Data only, exemptions, 3DS per txn
- Use fallback strategies where possible, to
3DS1 or no-3DS

3DS Implementation strategies

Alternative payment methods

Make it easy for your customers to pay in different ways:



Cash payments



Bank transfers



eWallets



Mobile money

Communicate to your customers about 3D-Secure

Alternative to 3DS: Active fraud prevention



- Some popular fraud prevention technologies such as AVS do not apply in Emerging Markets.
- Option: Integrate a fraud prevention solution
 - ML & Rules-based
 - Data is key
 - Ongoing merchant & local expert collaboration

Thank you!

Questions?



dlocal.com



[/company/dlocal/](https://www.linkedin.com/company/dlocal/)

d · local

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